### GE 103- Database Management

Course Introduction

#### **DBMS**

**Database** 

Data collection managed by a specialized software called a Database Management System (DBMS)

### Why a whole course in Databases?

Banking, ticket reservations, customer records, sales records, product records, inventories, employee records, address ooks, demographic records sturent records, course plans, schedules, genome bank, Medicinal Ecoles, time tables, news archives, sports results, ecommerce, user authentication systems, web forums, www.imdb.com, the world wide web, ...

# Examples

- Banking
  - Drove the development of DBMS
- Industry
  - Inventories, personnel records, sales ...
  - Production Control
  - Test data
- Research
  - Sensor data (25GB/h for a car)
  - Geographical data
  - Laboratory information management systems
  - Biological data (e.g. genome data)

# Why not a file system?

#### File systems are

- Structured
- Persistant
- Changable
- Digital

... but oh so inefficient!

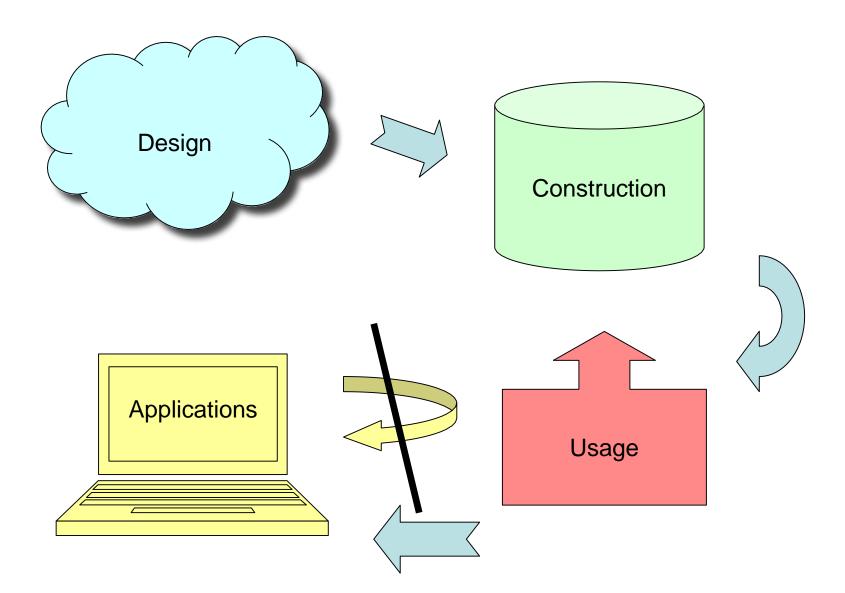
#### Modern DBMS

- Handle persistent data
- Give efficient access to huge amounts of data
- Give a convenient interface to users
- Guarantee integrity constraints
- Handle transactions and concurrency

### Database Management Systems

- Hierarchical databases:
  - "Easy" to design if only one hierarchy
  - Efficient access
  - Low-level view of stored data
  - Hard to write queries
- Network databases:
  - "Easy" to design
  - Efficient access
  - Low-level view of stored data
  - Very hard to write queries

# Course Objectives



# Course Objectives – Design

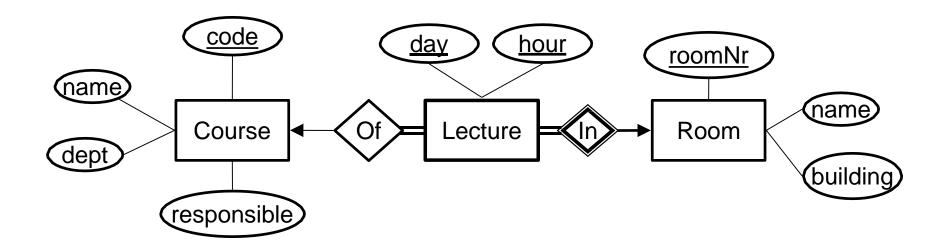
When the course is through, you should

 Given a domain, know how to design a database that correctly models the domain and its constraints

"We want a database that we can use for scheduling courses and lectures. This is how it's supposed to work: ..."

# Course Objectives – Design

- Entity-relationship (E-R) diagrams
- Functional Dependencies
- Normal Forms



### Course Objectives – Construction

When the course is through, you should

 Given a database schema with related constraints, implement the database in a relational DBMS

```
Courses(code, name, dept, examiner)
Rooms(roomNr, name, building)
Lectures(roomNr, day, hour, course)
  roomNr -> Rooms.roomNr
  course -> Courses.code
```

### Course Objectives – Construction

SQL Data Definition Language (DDL)

```
CREATE TABLE Lectures (
lectureId INT PRIMARY KEY,
roomId REFERENCES Rooms(roomId),
day INT check (day BETWEEN 1 AND 7),
hour INT check (hour BETWEEN 0 AND 23),
course REFERENCES Courses(code),
UNIQUE (roomId, day, hour)
);
```

### Course Objectives – Usage

When the course is through, you should

- Know how to query a database for relevant data using SQL
- Know how to change the contents of a database using SQL

"Add a course 'Databases' with course code 'TDA357', given by ..."

"Give me all info about the course 'TDA357"

# Course Objectives – Usage

SQL Data Manipulation Language (DML)

```
INSERT INTO Courses VALUES
('TDA357', 'Databases','CS', Mickey');
```

Querying with SQL

```
SELECT * FROM Courses WHERE code = 'TDA357';
```

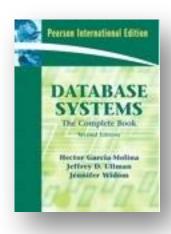
# Course Objectives - Summary

#### You will learn how to

- design a database
- construct a database from a schema
- use a database through queries and updates
- use a database from an external application

### Course Book

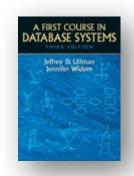
"Database Systems:
The Complete Book, 2E",
by Hector Garcia-Molina,
Jeffrey D. Ullman,
and Jennifer Widom





#### Alternative versions

"First Course in Database Systems, A, 3/E" by Jeffrey D. Ullman and Jennifer Widom



"Database Systems:
The Complete Book", by Hector
Garcia-Molina, Jeffrey D. Ullman,
and Jennifer Widom



#### Web Resources

-Website (Course Homepage)

http://avtugonan.cbu.edu.tr/GE103 index.html

- Slides of lectures
- Exercise sessions + solutions
- Lab assignment
- Extra information
- Sample exam questions and solutions

### Teaching staff

- Lecturer/Course responsible:
  - Assoc. Prof. Dr. Aytuğ ONAN

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- Course assistants:
  - Research Assistant Fatma Günseli ÇIKLAÇANDIR

### **Evaluation Criteria**

<ul><li>Quizzes</li></ul>	(2)	15%
- Term Project	(1)	15%
- Midterm Exam	(1)	30%
<ul> <li>Final Exam</li> </ul>	(1)	40%